HOUSE RESEARCH ORGANIZATION	bill digest 5/5/2023	(2nd reading) HB 2767 Klick
SUBJECT:	Allowing Medicaid to access certain prescription information	
COMMITTEE:	Public Health — favorable, without amendment	
VOTE:	9 ayes — Klick, Campos, Jetton, A. Johnson, J. Jones, V. Jones Oliverson, Price, Smith	5,
	0 nays	
	2 absent — Collier, Tinderholt	
WITNESSES:	For — (<i>Registered, but did not testify</i> : Jessica Lynch, Texas As of Health Plans; Nora Belcher, Texas e-Health Alliance)	sociation
	Against — None	
	On — (<i>Registered, but did not testify</i> : Priscilla Parrilla, Health Services Commission)	and Human
BACKGROUND:	Concerns have been raised that the Medicaid program cannot a prescription drug monitoring program data needed to submit ce required reports to the federal government.	
DIGEST:	HB 2767 would allow the Health and Human Services Commiss (HHSC) or HHSC's designee to access certain prescription info for the purpose of meeting federal standards for a prescription monitoring program. A person authorized to receive prescription information through HHSC could only access information nece comply with federal laws governing prescription drug monitori programs for the purpose of administering the Medicaid program	ormation drug on ssary to ng
	The bill would require the Texas State Board of Pharmacy (TS) enter into and maintain a data-sharing agreement with the Heal Human Services Commission (HHSC) for the purposes of com- federal laws governing prescription drug monitoring programs. agreement would have to include a provision requiring TSBP a	th and plying with The

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to timely share information to allow HHSC sufficient time to prepare and submit the annual report to the US Secretary of Health and Human Services described by federal law. TSBP and HHSC would be required to enter into the data-sharing agreement by January 1, 2024.

If a state agency determined that a waiver or authorization from a federal agency was necessary to implement the bill, the agency would be required to request the waiver and could delay implementation until the waiver or authorization was granted.

The bill would take immediate effect if finally passed by a two-thirds record vote of the membership of each house. Otherwise, it would take effect September 1, 2023.