HOUSE RESEARCH			HB 2804 (2nd reading) Kuempel
ORGANIZATION	bill analysis	4/24/2023	(CSHB 2804 by Kuempel)
SUBJECT:	Revising code on use of a collegiate athlete's name, image, or likeness		
COMMITTEE:	Higher Education — committee substitute recommended		
VOTE:	9 ayes — Kuempel, Paul, Bucy, Burns, Clardy, Cole, M. González, Howard, Lalani		
	0 nays		
	2 absent — Burr	rows, Raney	
WITNESSES:	SSES: For — (<i>Registered, but did not testify</i> : Kate Kuhlmann, Texas High School Coaches Association)		
	Against — (Reg	istered, but did not testify: `	Virginia Gustin)
		lmes, Baylor University; Ro <i>istered, but did not testify</i> : I	•
DIGEST:	any other group athletic program requirement that	or organization with author at an applicable institution t could prevent higher educa intercollegiate athletics or c	from enforcing any ation institutions from
	entering into a contract of the compensate	ontract for the use of their r tion for the use was provide or for an act that occurred v	e would be prohibited from name, image, or likeness (NIL) d in exchange for registration while the athlete was engaged
	institution's facil	uld prevent the student athle lity, uniform, trademark, co go in connection with an NI	pyright-protected product, or

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institution's express permission. If the institution gave permission, the student and the person contracting for the use of the student's NIL would have to comply with any requirements the institution established and would require that the institution received market average compensation for the use.

Any information relating to a contract for the student's NIL would be considered confidential and not subject to public disclosure requests. An institution could withhold such information without requesting a decision from the attorney general.

An institution could identify or otherwise assist students with third-party NIL compensation opportunities, but could not act as the student's athletic agent, be compensated by the student or the third party, or attempt to influence the student's choice of professional representation. The institution also could not attempt to diminish the student's opportunities from competing third parties.

CSHB 2804 would apply only to student NIL contracts entered into on or after the effective date of this bill, or to requests for information received on or after the same date. This bill would take effect July 1, 2023, if finally passed by a two-thirds record vote of the membership of each house. Otherwise, it would take effect September 1, 2023.

SUPPORTERS SAY: CSHB 2804 would help to protect Texas universities' athletic programs from potentially limiting regulations of collegiate athletic organizations. The continuously evolving college sports landscape requires routine update to NIL laws so that Texas and its collegiate athletics programs can remain competitive. The bill also would help student athletes by protecting their NIL contract records from disclosure, allowing conditional use of the university's real or intellectual property, and enabling the university to assist the student in obtaining NIL contracts.

CRITICSCSHB 2804 could leave collegiate athletic organizations without the
ability to enforce certain standards by prohibiting regulation of colleges'
athletic programs. The bill could leave gaps in the regulatory process for

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college athletic programs.

NOTES: The committee substitute includes a provision absent for the introduced bill that would prohibit any collegiate athletic organization from enforcing regulations that could prevent an institution from participating in intercollegiate athletics or penalize them for performing actions authorized under the bill.

> Though the introduced bill would have stipulated that the administration of a financial literacy and life skills program to student athletes was optional, the substitute would require such a program to be administered.