

## **BILL ANALYSIS**

Senate Research Center  
77R6466 JMC-D

S.B. 1001  
By: Zaffirini  
Jurisprudence  
4/4/2001  
As Filed

### **DIGEST AND PURPOSE**

Often, district court dockets are very full, causing cases not to be heard until late in the day or to be postponed. District judges appointed to these cases must first locate available courtroom space in a county and cases may take many months to be heard and resolved. A civil or criminal case in which a party to the case is confined in a correctional facility requires the Texas Department of Criminal Justice to transport the inmate to the courtroom in the county in which the complaint was filed. A hearing which does not involve a jury and in which a plea is taken may easily and effectively be held inside a correctional facility, ensuring a controlled environment for the inmate and correctional officer. As proposed, S.B. 1001 amends the Government Code to allow a district judge to hear a non-jury matter relating to a civil or criminal case at a correctional facility if a party to the case or criminal defendant is confined in the correctional facility.

### **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY**

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

### **SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS**

SECTION 1. Amends Section 24.012, Government Code, by adding Subsection (e) to authorize a district judge to hear a matter relating to a civil or criminal case at a correctional facility in the county in which the case is filed or prosecuted if a party to the case or the criminal defendant is confined in the correctional facility. Defines "correctional facility."

SECTION 2. Effective date: September 1, 2001.  
Makes application of this Act prospective.